

Use the fact that the trigonometric functions are periodic to find the exact value of the expression. Do not use a calculator.

1) $\sin 495^\circ$

A) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

B) $-\frac{1}{2}$

C) $\frac{1}{2}$

D) $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

1)

2) $\cos \frac{20\pi}{3}$

A) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

B) $-\frac{1}{2}$

C) $\frac{1}{2}$

D) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

2)

Solve the problem.

3) If $f(\theta) = \sin \theta$ and $f(a) = \frac{1}{6}$, find the exact value of $f(a) + f(a + 2\pi) + f(a + 4\pi)$.

3)

A) $\frac{1}{2}$

B) $\frac{1}{6}$

C) $\frac{5}{2}$

D) $\frac{1}{2} + 6\pi$

Name the quadrant in which the angle θ lies.

4) $\cot \theta < 0, \cos \theta > 0$

4)

A) I

B) II

C) III

D) IV

In the problem, $\sin \theta$ and $\cos \theta$ are given. Find the exact value of the indicated trigonometric function.

5) $\sin \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}, \cos \theta = \frac{1}{3}$ Find $\cot \theta$.

5)

Find the exact value of the indicated trigonometric function of θ . SHOW WORK.

6) $\tan \theta = -\frac{8}{3}, \theta$ in quadrant II Find $\cos \theta$.

6)

7) $\cot \theta = -\frac{3}{2}, \cos \theta < 0$ Find $\csc \theta$.

7)

Use the even-odd properties to find the exact value of the expression. Do not use a calculator.

8) $\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

8)

Solve the problem.

9) If $f(\theta) = \tan \theta$ and $f(a) = 4$, find the exact value of $f(-a)$. SHOW YOUR WORK.

9)

A) $\frac{1}{4}$

B) 4

C) $-\frac{1}{4}$

D) -4