

Dr. O.

Use the integral test to determine whether the series converges.

1)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{4^n}$  1) \_\_\_\_\_  
 A) diverges B) converges

2)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3n}{n^2 + 4}$  2) \_\_\_\_\_  
 A) diverges B) converges

Use the direct comparison test to determine if the series converges or diverges.

3)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin n \cos n}{10^n}$  3) \_\_\_\_\_  
 A) Diverges B) Converges

Use the limit comparison test to determine if the series converges or diverges.

4)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5}{4n - 3 \ln n - 7}$  4) \_\_\_\_\_  
 A) Diverges B) Converges

5)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\ln n)^2}{\sqrt{n}(8n + 9\sqrt{n})}$  5) \_\_\_\_\_  
 A) Converges B) Diverges

Use the ratio test to determine if the series converges or diverges.

6)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{8^n}{n!}$  6) \_\_\_\_\_  
 A) Converges B) Diverges

Answers: 1) B 2) A 3) B 4) A 6) A